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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/659,272	09/11/2003	Hiroshi Saito	249-316	5620
23117	7590 12/12/2006		EXAMINER	
NIXON & V	VANDERHYE, PC	PICKARD, ALISON K		
901 NORTH GLEBE ROAD, 11TH FLOOR ARLINGTON, VA 22203		LOOR	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		3673	
	•		DATE MAILED: 12/12/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comment	10/659,272	SAITO ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Alison K. Pickard	3673				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING IDENTIFY TO BE A STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING IDENTIFY TO BE A STATE OF THE MAILING IDENTIFY TO BE A STATE OF THE MAILING IDENTIFY THE MAILING IDENTIF	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
	·					
	ince this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 4-11</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 4-11</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	·					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		·				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)</li> </ul>	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:					

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 7, 10, and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Inoue (5,743,971).

Inoue discloses a gasket comprising a metal plate and film comprising silica and two acids, which can be different (see col. 1:59-65 and col. 2-3:34, particularly col. 3:15, 16, 24, 28-29, and 32-33), and a metal. The second acid can be a fluorocomplex such as fluoro-titanic or fluoro-zirconate acid (see col. 2, lines 40-50).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1, 4-6, and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Matsuzaki (2003/0072962) in view of Inoue.

Matsuzaki discloses a gasket comprising a metal plate (paragraph 49), film (e.g. oxide coating), and an organic layer. The film is made from silica (paragraph 227), an acid, and a metal. The metal can be Mn, Mg, or Al. The acid and silica (and metal) can be present in the

percentages required by the claims (see paragraphs 235 and 236). Matsuzaki does not disclose the acid is a fluorocomplex. Inoue teaches a gasket with a film and organic layer. Inoue teaches suitable art equivalent acids, such as phosphoric acid and fluorocomplex acids. Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a fluorocomplex as the acid instead of phosphoric acid as both are suitable acids in such films as taught by Inoue.

Matsuzaki does not specifically state the organic coating is a rubber layer, but some examples are given in paragraph 156. The selection of a known material based on its suitability for its intended use is not considered inventive. See In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416 (CCPA 1960). Further, it is known that rubber, resins, polyurethanes (which can be a rubber), etc. are known coating layers used in gaskets as evidenced by Teranishi '830 (see col. 6:21-33). Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the organic coating a rubber coating/layer. The limitation "bonded by vulcanization" is considered a process in a product claim and is given little patentable weight.

5. Claims 1, 8, and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Inoue in view of Teranishi (6,502,830).

Inoue discloses an organic coating such as a urethane. However, Inoue does not disclose the coating is one of the materials required by the claims. Teranishi teaches a gasket with a metal plate having a corrosion resistant coating and an organic coating. Teranishi teaches that rubbers and urethanes are art equivalent materials. Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use silicone or rubber as the

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organic coating as such is an art equivalent. The limitation "bonded by vulcanization" is considered a process in a product claim and is given little patentable weight.

### Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed 9-21-06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

It appears Inoue discloses the fluorocomplex acids required by the claim. Inoue also teaches a variety of acids that are suitable for such films, and thus are considered art equivalents.

### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alison K. Pickard whose telephone number is 571-272-7062. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (10-7:30), with alternate Friday's off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tricia Engle can be reached on 571-272-6660. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <a href="http://pair-direct.uspto.gov">http://pair-direct.uspto.gov</a>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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